SAFETY DATA SHEET



Industrial Protective Paints Ltd

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010 - Europe

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

	Regal Polyurethane Concrete Floor Paint, Universal Primer Undercoat, One-Coat Paint, Decorative Gloss, Agricultural Oxide
Product identity :	REGAL LOA MSDS3
Product type :	Alkyd LO Paint

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application :	buildings & trims , metal industry, concrete and floors, ships and shipyards.
Identified uses :	Industrial applications, Professional applications, Used by brush roller or spraying.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details :	Industrial Protective Paints Ltd Little Fox Holes Farm	Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)
	Cellarhead,Stoke on Trent, Staffs, ST9 0DG UK Tel.: + 44 (0)1782550733 info@regalpaints.co.uk	+44 1782 550733 (08.00 - 17.00)
Date of issue :	12 January 2018	
Date of previous issue :	8 October 2017	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition :

Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Classification :

R10 Xn; R48/20 R66, R67 N; R51/53

See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word .	
Hazard statements :	

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H336 - May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : General :

Prevention : Response :

Storage :

Signal word :

Get medical attention if you feel unwell. In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children.

Do not breathe gas, vapour or spray. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep cool. Store locked up.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Disposal :	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients :	white spirit
Supplemental label elements :	Contains 2-butanone oxime and cobalt(2+) salts of C6-19 branched fatty acids. May produce an allergic reaction.
Special packaging requirements	
Containers to be fitted with child- resistant fastenings :	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger :	Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result None known. in classification :

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification		Туре	
			67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]		
white spirit	EC: 265-191-7 CAS: *64742-88-7 Index: 649-405-00-X	>=35 - <50	R10 Xn; R48/20, R65 R66, R67	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects) STOT RE 1, H372 (central	-	[1] [2]
			N; R51/53	nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	>=1 - <5	R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	С	[1] [2]
2-butanone oxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	>=0.1 - <1	Carc. Cat. 3;R40 Xn; R21 Xi; R41 R43		-	[1]
cobalt(2+) salts of C6-19 branched fatty acids	EC: 270-066-5 CAS: 68409-81-4	>=0.25 - <1	Xn; R22 Xi; R38 R43 N; R51/53	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
zirconium octoate	EC: 245-018-1 CAS: 22464-99-9	<0.5	Repr. Cat. 3; R63	Repr. 2, H361fd (Fertility and Unborn child)	-	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the R- phrases declared above.	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Substance with a workplace exposure limit, see section 8.
 Substance with a workplace exposure limit, see section 8.
 Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
 Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General :	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
	If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 999 and give immediate treatment (first aid).
Eye contact :	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Inhalation :	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Skin contact :	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion :	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.
Protection of first-aiders :	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
Skin contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact :	No specific data.	
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No specific data.

No specific data.

Notes to physician :	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments :	No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Skin contact :

Ingestion :

Extinguishing media :	Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray	
	Not to be used: waterjet.	

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground container and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
white spirit	EU OEL (Europe). (ACGIH) TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. (ACGIH) TWA: 145 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
xylene	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
zirconium octoate	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. EU OEL (Europe, 2010). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived effect levels

No DNELs/DMELs available.

Predicted effect concentrations

No PNECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate

engineering controls

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Individual protection measures

General :

Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.

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Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, Hygiene measures : using lavatory, and at the end of day. Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The Hand protection : quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances. Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice: Recommended: Silver Shield / 4H gloves, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® May be used: nitrile rubber Not recommended: neoprene rubber, butyl rubber, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl chloride (PVC)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved handling this product. Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.
Respiratory protection :	If working areas have insufficient ventilation: When the product is applied by means that will not generate an aerosol such as, brush or roller wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type A, when grinding use particle filter of type P. When the product is applied by spraying and for continuous or prolonged work always wear an air-fed respirator e.g. hood with supply of fresh or compressed air or a full face, powered air purifying filter. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.
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Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
: Color :	Various.
Odor :	Solvent-like
pH:	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product
Melting point/freezing point	49°C This is based on data for the following ingredient: white spirit
: Boiling point/boiling range	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
: Flash point :	Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)
·	
Evaporation rate :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flammability :	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits :	0.6 - 6.7 vol %
Vapor pressure :	0.4 kPa This is based on data for the following ingredient: white
Vapor density :	spirit Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the
Relative density :	product. 0.996 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies) :	Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot
Partition coefficient (LogKow)	water. Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
: Auto-ignition temperature :	Lowest known value: >220°C (>428°F) (white spirit).
Decomposition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Viscosity :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Explosive properties :	Explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Oxidizing properties :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
9.2 Other information	
Solvent(s) % by weight	Weighted average: 50 % Weighted average: 0 % - 430.8 g/l –
: Water % by weight :	average varies with colour - refer to specific technical data sheet
VOC content :	Weighted average: 367 g/l varies with colour refer to specific technicaldata sheet

TOC Content : Weighted average: 0.075 m³/l

Solvent Gas :

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids. Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be

formed: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	6350 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1001 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
zirconium octoate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>8800 mg/m ³	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
	56355.3 mg/kg	
Inhalation (gases)	256160.7 ppm	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
xylene	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit		24 hours 5 milligrams 24 hours 500 milligrams
2-butanone oxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
white spirit	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
white spirit	Category 1	Inhalation	central nervous system (CNS)

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
white spirit	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
2-butanone oxime zirconium octoate	Carc. 2, H351 -	-	- Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)	- Repr. 2, H361f (Fertility)
Sensitization :	Contains 2-butanone oxime, cobalt(2+) salts of C6-19 branched fatty acids. May produce an allergic reaction.			
Other information :	No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.			

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
xylene	-	>60 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodeg	radability
xylene	-	-	Readily	

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	2.5 to 5.8	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{∞}) :	No known data available in ourdatabase.
Mobility :	No known data available in our database.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT :	Not applicable.
vPvB :	Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Spillage, remains, discarded clothes and similar should be discarded in a fireproof container.

European waste catalogue no. (EWC) is given below.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 08 01 11*

Packaging

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport may take place according to national regulation or ADR for transport by road, RID for transport by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

	14.1 UN no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env* Additional information
ADR/RID Class	UN1263	PAINT		III	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Special provisions</u> 640 (E) <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
IMDG Class	UN1263	PAINT. (white spirit)		111	Yes. The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> (EmS) F-E, S-E
IATA Class	UN1263	PAINT	3	III	No. The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Env.* : Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization - Substances of very high concern Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles Not applicable.

Other EU regulations Seveso category

This product is controlled under the Seveso III Directive.

Seveso category

P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b E2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic 2

C6: Flammable (R10)

C9ii: Toxic for the environment

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms :	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement RRN = REACH Registration Number DNEL = Derived No Effect Level PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration	
Full text of abbreviated R phrases :	 R10- Flammable. R40- Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. R63- Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. R21- Harmful in contact with skin. R22- Harmful if swallowed. R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. R48/20- Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes. R38- Irritating to skin. R43- May cause sensitization by skin contact. R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R67- Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. 	
Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD] :	Carc. Cat. 3 - Carcin Repr. Cat. 3 - Toxic t Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant N - Dangerous for the	to reproduction category 3
Full text of abbreviated H statements :	H226 H302 H304 H312 H312 (dermal) H315 H317 H318 H332 (inhalation) H336 (Narcotic effects) H351 H361fd (Fertility and Unborn child) H372 H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) H411	Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. (Narcotic effects) Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. (central nervous system (CNS)) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] :	Acute Tox. 4, H312	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Carc. 2, H351	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	Eye Dam. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	Repr. 2, H361fd	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility and Unborn child) - Category 2
	(Fertility and Unborn	
	child)	
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	Skin Sens. 1, H317 S	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	STOT RE 1, H372	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	STOT RE 1, H372	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central
	(central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation)	nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) - Category 1
	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

Notice to reader

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects for handling the product in a safe way and should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical performance or suitability for particular applications.

It is always the duty of the user/employer to ascertain that the work is planned and carried out in accordance with the national regulations and safe working practice and ensure that the product is suitable for the intended use and application conditions.